B1040 (FORM 1040) (12/15)

ADVERSARY PROCEEDING COVER SHEET (Instructions on Reverse)		ADVERSARY PROCEEDING NUMBER (Court Use Only)		
PLAINTIFFS	DEFEND	DEFENDANTS		
The Dugaboy Investment Trust and Hunter Mountain Investment Trust	Highland Capital Management, L.P. and Highland Claimant Trust			
ATTORNEYS (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone No.) Deborah Deitsch-Perez and Michael P. Aigen, Stinson LLP, 2200 Ross Avenue, Suite 2900, Dallas, Texas 75201 Telephone: (214) 560-2201 Email: deborah.deitschperez@stinson.com and michael.aigen@stinson.com	ATTORNEYS (If Known) John A. Morris, Pachulski Stang Ziehl & Jones LLP, 780 Third Avenue, 34th Floor, New York, NY 10017 Telephone: (212) 561-7700 Email: jmorris@pszjlaw.com			
PARTY (Check One Box Only)  □ Debtor □ U.S. Trustee/Bankruptcy Admin  □ Creditor ☑ Other  □ Trustee  CAUSE OF ACTION (WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE	<ul><li>☑ Debtor</li><li>☐ Creditor</li><li>☐ Trustee</li></ul>	Check One Box Only)  U.S. Trustee/Bankruptcy Admin Other  INCLUDING ALL U.S. STATUTES INVOLVED)		
Declaratory Judgment seeking disclosure and accounting of assets and liabilities of the Defendants.				
NATURE OF SUIT  (Number up to five (5) boxes starting with lead cause of action as 1, first alternative cause as 2, second alternative cause as 3, etc.)				
FRBP 7001(1) – Recovery of Money/Property  11-Recovery of money/property - §542 turnover of property  12-Recovery of money/property - §547 preference  13-Recovery of money/property - §548 fraudulent transfer  14-Recovery of money/property - other  FRBP 7001(2) – Validity, Priority or Extent of Lien  21-Validity, priority or extent of lien or other interest in property  FRBP 7001(3) – Approval of Sale of Property  31-Approval of sale of property of estate and of a co-owner - §363(h)  FRBP 7001(4) – Objection/Revocation of Discharge	FRBP 7001(6) – Dischargeability (continued)  ☐ 61-Dischargeability - §523(a)(5), domestic support  ☐ 68-Dischargeability - §523(a)(6), willful and malicious injury  ☐ 63-Dischargeability - §523(a)(8), student loan  ☐ 64-Dischargeability - §523(a)(15), divorce or separation obligation  (other than domestic support)  ☐ 65-Dischargeability - other  FRBP 7001(7) – Injunctive Relief  ☐ 71-Injunctive relief – imposition of stay  ☐ 72-Injunctive relief – other			
41-Objection / revocation of discharge - §727(c),(d),(e)		) Subordination of Claim or Interest dination of claim or interest		
FRBP 7001(5) − Revocation of Confirmation  51-Revocation of confirmation		) Declaratory Judgment ratory judgment		
FRBP 7001(6) – Dischargeability  ☐ 66-Dischargeability - §523(a)(1),(14),(14A) priority tax claims  ☐ 62-Dischargeability - §523(a)(2), false pretenses, false representation, actual fraud  ☐ 67-Dischargeability - §523(a)(4), fraud as fiduciary, embezzlement, larceny  (continued next column)	Other SS-SIPA 02-Other	0) Determination of Removed Action mination of removed claim or cause  Case – 15 U.S.C. §§78aaa et.seq.  (e.g. other actions that would have been brought in state court related to bankruptcy case)		
☐ Check if this case involves a substantive issue of state law	□ Check if	this is asserted to be a class action under FRCP 23		
☐ Check if a jury trial is demanded in complaint	Demand \$	N/A		
Other Relief Sought	1			
Declaratory Relief				

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BANKRUPTCY CASE IN WHICH THIS ADVERSARY PROCEEDING ARISES				
NAME OF DEBTOR Highland Capital Management, L.P.		BANKRUPTCY CASE NO. 19–34054–sgj11		
Highland Capital Management, L.P.		17 3 103 1 3g) 11		
DISTRICT IN WHICH CASE IS PENDING		DIVISION OFFICE	NAME OF JUDGE	
Northern District of Texas		Dallas	Judge Stacey G. C. Jernigan	
RELATED ADVERSARY PROCEEDING (IF ANY)				
PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT		ADVERSARY	
			PROCEEDING NO.	
DISTRICT IN WHICH ADVERSARY IS PENDIN	lG	DIVISION OFFICE	NAME OF JUDGE	
SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (OR PLAINTIFF)				
,				
Deloruh OE				
DATE		PRINT NAME OF ATTORNEY (OR PLAINTIFF)		
22			(31.12.2)	
May 17, 2023		Deborah Deitsch-Perez		

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

The filing of a bankruptcy case creates an "estate" under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court which consists of all of the property of the debtor, wherever that property is located. Because the bankruptcy estate is so extensive and the jurisdiction of the court so broad, there may be lawsuits over the property or property rights of the estate. There also may be lawsuits concerning the debtor's discharge. If such a lawsuit is filed in a bankruptcy court, it is called an adversary proceeding.

A party filing an adversary proceeding must also must complete and file Form 1040, the Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet, unless the party files the adversary proceeding electronically through the court's Case Management/Electronic Case Filing system (CM/ECF). (CM/ECF captures the information on Form 1040 as part of the filing process.) When completed, the cover sheet summarizes basic information on the adversary proceeding. The clerk of court needs the information to process the adversary proceeding and prepare required statistical reports on court activity.

The cover sheet and the information contained on it do not replace or supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, the Bankruptcy Rules, or the local rules of court. The cover sheet, which is largely self-explanatory, must be completed by the plaintiff's attorney (or by the plaintiff if the plaintiff is not represented by an attorney). A separate cover sheet must be submitted to the clerk for each complaint filed.

Plaintiffs and Defendants. Give the names of the plaintiffs and defendants exactly as they appear on the complaint.

Attorneys. Give the names and addresses of the attorneys, if known.

Party. Check the most appropriate box in the first column for the plaintiffs and the second column for the defendants.

**Demand.** Enter the dollar amount being demanded in the complaint.

**Signature.** This cover sheet must be signed by the attorney of record in the box on the second page of the form. If the plaintiff is represented by a law firm, a member of the firm must sign. If the plaintiff is pro se, that is, not represented by an attorney, the plaintiff must sign.